Sulphate of ammonia (see Fertilizers); sulphate of copper.

Sulphuric acid.

Superphosphates (see Fertilizers).

Surgical instruments.

This does not apply to rubber articles for the sick room, such as air pillows, ice bags, etc. No restriction is imposed on the exportation of surgical instruments to the Dutch Indies.

[3-6-15.]

Syrups (not including apple syrup, molasses, and mollasses of cattle food).

Tallow.

Denatured tallow (tallow unfit for consumption) is not prohibited to be exported.

[15-1-15.

Tanning materials and tanning extracts.

The prohibition does not apply to logwood, barium chloride, gall-nuts and extracts therefrom, hemlock bark, kino and extracts therefrom, and quereitron bark or fustin.

[3-6-15.]

Tar (coal tar); tar dyestuffs, and all substances derived from tar which may be used for the preparation or application of tar dyestuffs.

Inter alia, aniline oil, benzol and naphthalene, fall under this prohibition. Dry colours, consisting principally of heavy spar, sodium sulphate, and other cheap materials, coloured with at most 5 per cent of aniline colour, are not prohibited.

[3-6-15.]

Tinned sheet iron (tinplate); empty tins.

Tinned meats or provisions containing meat.

Toluol.

Turpentine.

Tyres for motors (as parts of automobiles); tyres for cycles, including tyres attached to cycles.

Used tyres on the wheels of cycles used in *bond fide* frontier traffic are not covered by the prohibition of export of cycle tyres. [3-6-15.]

Vaseline.

Vegetables, salted.

. Vehicles for horse traction; motor cars and parts thereof.

Vermicelli and macaroni.

Waste of flax suitable for tow-yarn spinning mills; waste of wool; cotton waste; rubber waste.

Motor tyres with worn-out treads (doorgehakte hielen) fall under the prohibition of the export of rubber waste. [3-6-15.]

Waste of grain; rice waste; potato waste. ..

See Note to Grain waste and to Potato waste.

Waterpipes and watermains, of lead or of tinned lead.

Weapons (except sporting weapons).

Wheat and spelt, and groats, meal, starch, and all other articles produced therefrom.

Wire:—iron wire, barbed wire, and other articles made of iron wire.

Wool (including angora wool, camel hair, and alpaca), raw and washed; artificial wool (shoddy); wool waste; sheep fleeces.

Woollen blankets and blanket material.

Wooilen or half-woollen goods; flannel (except cotton flannel) and underwear made therefrom. (See also Military cloth.)

Woollen and half-woollen rags.

Woollen yarns and woollen mixed yarns.

Yarns:—See under cotton, jute, hemp, linen, woollen.

Zinc sheets.

ITALY.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

June 17, 1915.

Notes.

(1) Exceptions to the prohibitions of export noted below may be made by the Minister of Finance with the approval of the President of the Council of Ministers and of the Ministers of Agriculture, Industry, and Commerce.—Decree of August 1, 1914.

- (2) The prohibition of exportation covers re-exportation from warehouse or in discharge of "temporary admission" permits.—Decree of August 6, 1914.
- (3) Merchandise, the exportation of which is prohibited, cannot be re-exported to foreign countries under process of transit or transhipment if it has arrived in an Italian port with bills of lading indicating Italy as the original destination, or if there is no clear indication of destination.

For this purpose, consignments provided with bills of lading "to order," not indicating by name a foreign (non-Italian) destination, and those having only bills of lading "to bearer," will be considered as destined for the internal use of the State (i.e., in Italy).—Decree of November 13, 1914.

Acetic acid and acetates.

Acetone.

Acids: Acetic, carbolic, nitric, pieric, salicylic, sulphuric (including sulphuric anhydride).

Acorns (see Fodder).

Aeroplanes, and parts thereof (see Vehicles).

Alums (chrome and potash alums). Aluminium; sulphate of aluminium.

Ammonia, sulphate of ammonia, nitrate of ammonia and ammonical salts in general.

Aniline dyes.

Antimony.

Arachides (groundnuts) and their products.

Arms (see Munitions of war.)

Articles made wholly or in part from raw material of which the exportation is prohibited, or from the products of such materials.

Artificial (chemical) manures.

Asbestos and articles thereof.

Bacon.

Barley.

Beetroot pulp.

Benzine (petrol): benzol.

Bone, horn, and other similar materials, raw.

Bone-fat.

Bran.

Brass and bronze.

Bread and ships' biscuits.

Cables, steel, of high tensile strength.

Calcium carbide; calcium cyanamide.

Camphor of all kinds.

Candles.

Carbolic acid.

Carbonate of sodium.

Carob beans.

Carriages (see Vehicles).

Cast-iron (scrap); cast-iron, even in castings.

Castor oil, and other vegetable oils.

Cattle.

Cellulose.

Cements.

Cereals, not named. (See also barley, maize, oats, rice, rye, and wheat).

Ceresin,

Chaff (see Fodder).

Cheese, hard paste.* (See also Foodstuffs).

Chestnuts.

Chlorate of potash.

Chrome and potash alums; chrome salts.

^{*} Cheese, hard—export up to 2,000 tons allowed.—(September 27, 1914.)

Clothing and equipment for troops, as well as prepared hides, cloths, and generally, all materials required for the manufacture of such articles.*

Cocoa in the bean. (See also Foodstuffs).

Cocoanut oil, and other vegetable oils.

Coffee.†

Coin.

Colophany and other resins.

Copper ; ; copper sulphate.

Cotton and cotton waste, bleached and unbleached.

Cylinders, for compressed gas.

Dirigibles and spare parts thereof (see Vehicles).

Donkeys.

Dyes, aniline.

Edible pastes, such as macaroni and vermicelli.

Equipment and clothing for troops, as well as prepared hides, cloths, and, generally, all materials required for the manufacture of such articles.*

Explosives (included under Manitions of war, q.v.)

Feculæ.

Ferro-alloys (see under Iron).

Fertilisers (manures), chemical.

Fish, fresh, in brine, or preserved in any way.

Fish oils and fish grease.

Flour and meal.

Fodder - Acorns, olive-husks and all other products suitable for feeding animals (including offals of cereals, chaff, rice husks, and grape kernels).

Food preserves prepared with or containing any proportion of articles of which the export is prohibited. (See also Foodstuffs).

Foodstuffs—all fresh or preserved foodstuffs.

[Note.—The various foodstuffs specified in this list, e.g., bacon, eggs, flour, meat, etc., have been definitively prohibited by Royal Decrees. On the 13th June 1915, the prohibition was extended to cover all fresh or preserved foodstuffs which had not hitherto been prohibited.]

Glycerine.

Gold bullion and coin.

Grape kernels (see Fodder).

Graphite.

Groundnuts (arachides) and their products.

Gutta-percha (raw).

Hæmatite and other iron ore.

Hay.

Hemp, raw. \S

Hides, prepared (see clothing and equipment for troops).

* This prohibition does not apply to tissues of all kinds for women's clothing, fancy stuffs for men's clothing, silk tissues, velvets, plushes, printed cotton tissues, and such coloured. cotton tissues as cannot be used for military clothing. On the other hand, bleached or unbleached cotton tissues suitable for the manufacture of men's body linen, or bed linen cloths for military uniforms, tissues for tents, bags, and tissues for making them, packing cloth of all kinds, and articles of body linen and knitted wares which can be used for military purposes are prohibited to be exported.—(August 8, 1914.)

The exportation of merino wool tissues to belligerent countries is strictly prohibited.—

(April 13, 1915.)

† The exportation of coffee lying in free deposit has been authorised up to 15 per cent of the amounts now stored, and to 50 per cent of any future quantities deposited.—(October

I Under this head the export of single or double conducting cords for telegraphic and telephonic installations is prohibited, but not that of electric cables and wires which can be used only for common internal installations for illumination or heating. $+(Circular\ of\ August$

§ It is understood that special arrangements have been made as regards the export of hemp from Italy to the United Kingdom.

Hides and skins, raw (but excluding goat and lamb skins, whether raw or tanned, for glovemaking).*

Horn, bone, and other similar materials, raw.

Horses.

India rubber (see Rubber).

Iron and steel plates coated with tin or zinc.

Tron ores (hæmatite and other); iron pyrites; iron metallic alloyst; east iron, even in castings; scrap iron and steel.

Jute raw; jute sacks, etc., (see Note * on p. 1118).

Lard.

Lead.

Leather (prepared hides) (see clothing and equipment for troops).

Lubricating materials.

Macaroni and vermicelli.

Machine tools.

Maine.

Manganese and manganese orc.

Manures, chemical.

Margarine (included under Tallow, vegetable and animal).

Materials, lubricating.

Materials, for the manufacture of clothing and equipment for troops.

Materials, rubber lined.

Materials, sanitary, in general.

Meal and flour.

Meat, fresh (including frozen); salted meat, and meat of all kinds, in whatever way preserved (including tinned meat).

Medicines and sanitary material in general.

Medicinal instruments and articles.

Motor-boats (see Ships); motor cars (see Vehicles).

Mules.

Munitions of war, namely; guns, rifles, carbines, revolvers, pistols, swords and other arms (fire-arms or side-arms) of all kinds, munitions of war, military equipment of every sort, and, in general, everything which, without further manipulation, can be of immediate use for military or naval armaments.

Naphthalene and its nitro-derivatives.

Nickel and its alloys.

Nitrate of ammonia; nitrate of potassium; nitrate of sodium.

Nitric acid.

Oats.

Offals of cereals (see Fodder).

Oils:—Fish oils, Lubricating materials, Petroleum and petrol, Turpentine oil, Vegetable oils (including castor oil, coconut oil, and palm oil).

Oilcake from nuts and other materials.

Oilseeds; oilseed cakes.

Ores, metallic.

The Italian Government are unable to allow the expertation of fresh light hides.

. [25-5-15.]

: See Note * on page 1118.

^{*} It is understood that no difficulties are raised as regards the export of heavy hides from Italy to the United Kingdom [19-1-15]: the Italian Government consider as "heavy hides" for export purposes green hides weighing 38 kilog, and upwards [17-2-15]. Fresh or dried horse hides and fresh and dried ox and goat hides without hair may also be exported, but the exportation of sheep and goat skins with wool or hair, as also the skins of rabbits, hares, etc., is prohibited.

[†] According to Italian excise regulations, metallic iron alloys include ferromanganese containing more than 30 per cent of manganese, ferrosillicon-manganese containing more than 30 per cent of silicon and manganese together, aluminium iron containing more than 10 per cent of aluminium, ferrochrome containing more than 10 per cent of chrome, ferrosilicon containing more than 4 per cent of silicon, ferrotungsten. Spiegeleisen is also covered by the prohibition.

Palm oil and other vegetable oils. Paraffin. * Pastes, edible, such as vermicelli and macaroni. Peroxides, metallic. Petroleum; petrol. Picric acid. Pigs. Pigeons, live. Potatoes. Potassium nitrate; chlorate of potash; potash salts; potash alums. Poultry. Pulse. Pyrites. Rags of all kinds. Railways, portable (including both rails and cars). Resins (colophany and other). Rice†; rice husks (see Fodder). Rubber raw (India rubber); rubber-lined materials. Rubber:—all products of clastic and vulcanised rubber (prohibited to be exported to belligerent countries). Rye. Sacks and sack-cloth. (See Note † on page 1118). Salicylic acid. Sanitary materials in general. Scrap-iron (fragments of wrought or cast iron and steel). Semolina. Sheep. Ships of all kinds on the Italian register; vessels, boats, and craft of all kinds for use in harbours and for coast traffic, and fishing boats, tugs, salvage ships, etc.; pleasure boats, motor-boats for uses other than those indicated above. Ships' biscuit. Silicon. Skins (see under Hides). Sodium carbonate; sodium nitrate. Spiegeleisen (see under Iron metallic alloys). Spirit, pure. Stearine. Steel and iron (scrap). Steel cables of high tensile strength. Straw. Sugar. Sulphate of ammonia, and ammoniacal salts in general; sulphate of aluminium; sulphate of copper. Sulphur. Sulphuric acid; sulphuric anhydride. Tallow, vegetable and animal.

Tanning extracts; tanning materials of all kinds.‡

Ter

Timber (including timber specially adapted for aeronautic construction).

Tin (including salts and other preparations of tin).

Tinplates (See Iron and steel plates).

Turpentine oil (acqua da ragia). Tyres (See Vehicles).

Valonia.

^{*}It is understood that the prohibition applies to all refined paraffin, including paraffin

^{* &}quot;It is not intended to grant further dispensations for the exportation of rice at present."—(February 7, 1915.)

Permission to export tanning materials is granted for quantities proportionate with monthly exports during 1914.

Vaseline.

Vegetable oils.

Vegetables, dry (see Pulse); vegetables, fresh.

Vehicles of all kinds,* including acroplanes and dirigibles, as well as separate motors and spare parts belonging to them (including tyres), rubber-lined materials, cylinders for compressed gas, steel cables of high tensile strength and timber specially adapted for aeronautic construction.

Vermicelli and macaroni.

Weapons. (See Munitions of war.)

Wheat.

Wool:--merino wool and all other kinds of wool.

Woollen waste; woollen rags (See under Rags).

Zinc.

RUSSIA.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED. .

June 15, 1915.

Notes.

1. The exportation of certain articles direct to Allied countries, in Russian or Allied vessels, is authorised without special application in the case of each consignment. These articles are: maize, colza, oilcake, bran and oilcake of all kinds, bacon, butter, dead poultry and game, live poultry, eggs, intestines, fish, tobacco of the first quality, (certified by excise), wood materials, oilseeds, clover seeds and other forage seeds, furskins, except sheepskins and goatskins.

The exportation to the United Kingdom of butter, game, poultry, eggs and bacon, is authorised, without special authorisation in the case of each consignment, if the goods are despatched (from the Finland Station, Petrograd) by the "direct oversea Scandinavian route," *i.e.*, via Raumo or Montyluoto.

- 2. The exportation of goods of all kinds is prohibited from Baltic ports situated in the Governments of Petrograd, Esthonia, Livonia, and Courland.
- 3. The prohibitions of export noted below do not apply to exports to Finland from Russia. The exportation of goods from Finland to foreign countries is effected in accordance with special regulations in force in the Grand Duchy.

[Unless otherwise indicated by a footnote, the prohibitions of export noted below apply to all frontiers of the Empire.]

†Alcohol (spirit).

†Automobiles.

†Bacon.

Note.—As regards the export of bacon to Allied countries, see Note 1.

Barley.

Beans, kidney beans, and peas.

Beetroot.

†Benzine (including gasoline and ligroine).

†Bran, oilcake, and other fodder for livestock.

Note.—As regards the export of bran and oilcake direct to allied countries, see Note 1.

* Motor bicycles and their parts do not fall under the prohibition of exportation.

t Export prohibited over land frontiers of Europe, and by ports of the Baltic, White, and Black Sens, and of the Sea of Azov.